



# VŠB /Schott Food Display 07.10.2022 **Potential collaboration topics**

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### Agenda

Schott AG: general introduction

Schott Food Display: general introduction

Planned investigations

Open positions



### **Schott AG: brief introduction**

Description

Schott AG: worldwide presence: 43 production sites / 26 sales offices in 34 countries Over 17000 employees worldwide



Broad product portfolio for various markets

More than 400 employees



# **Schott Food Display: our mission**

**Basics** 



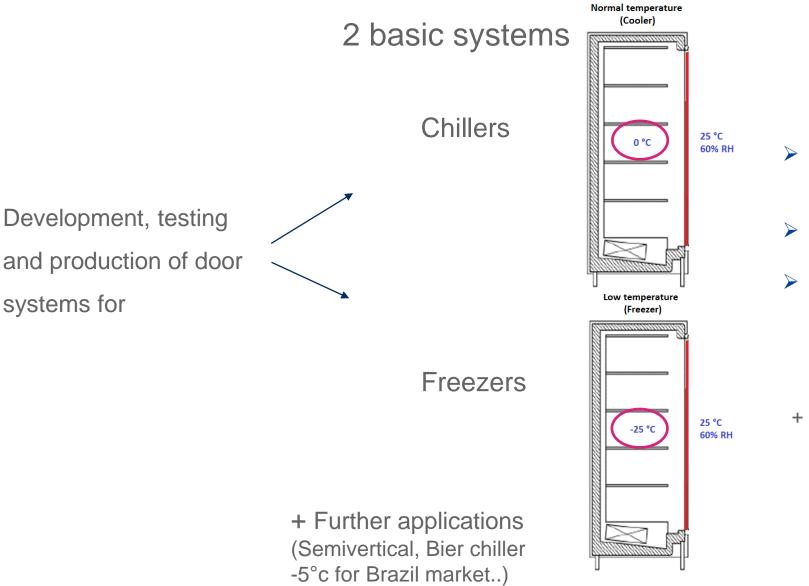
Develop a solution

- Energy efficiency & promotional presentation of chilled food in supermarket cabinets
- comfortable access to the food products for the shopper and efficient food management by the retailer

- Widely transparent
- Limiting air mix between cabinet and shop
- > Moving



## Schott Food Display: our mission



#### Targets

- Maximal transparency and best visibility of the stored food
- No condensation on outer glass
- Minimal energy consumption

+ mechanical robustness ...



Transparent chiller doors (high runner)

More modern and interesting appearance with hidden cabinet behing printed glass step

### Example of Chiller Doors

- Designed for cooling systems (NT)
- 100% transparency and maximal visibility of the stored food
- No optical distortion
- Reliable design, AR glass, selfclosing,
  - door stop, hold open





#### Standard design for Freezer

Increased transparency, lower energy consumption

#### SCHOTT Termofrost<sup>®</sup>

- Designed for freezer systems (LT)
- Integrated or assembled handle
- Product available in 3 versions:
  - SCHOTT Termofrost<sup>®</sup> ECO-Clear AGD (Allglass design, passive door)
  - SCHOTT Termofrost<sup>®</sup> ECO-Clear X (Passive door)

Fermofrost<sup>®</sup> ECO-Clear



## **Testing laboratory**

Climate lab (climatic test)



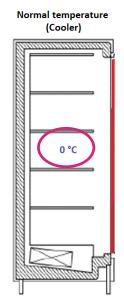
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#### Mechanical lab (life time tests)





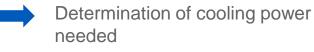
# **Topic 1: energy measurement on cabinet**

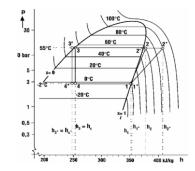


25 °C 60% RH

- Motivation: Quantification of thermal losses of standard cabinet
  - > Contribution of the doors to averall consumption
- Method: Measuring cooling power needed to keep constant
- temperature in cabinet
- Equipment: Chiller Cabinet equiped with Flowmeter (Available in Schott laboratory end of October)
  - Measurement of Flow of Cooling Liquid in systém +
    Temperature and pressure of inlet and outlet
- Investigations:
  - Refine and validate methodology (use of data, measurement of different door configuration scheduled starting 11.22)
  - Interpretation of measured data
  - Comparison to simulations









## **Topic 2: Energy losses due to leakages**



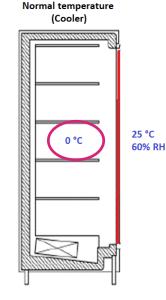
- Motivation: Quantification of thermal losses through air leakages
  - Leakages around the doors (gaps) unavoidable
  - Mixing of cold and warm air => additional warm air to be cooled
  - Increased consumption of cabinet

#### > Investigations:

- Simulation of the steady state for different gaps between doors
- Impact on cabinet consumption

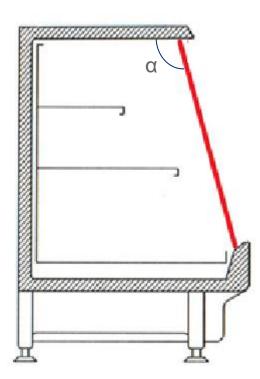
#### > Method:

- > Air flow simulations based on model of Chiller Cabinet
- Quantification of losses for different widths of gaps





# **Topic 3: Thermal losses in semivertical systems**

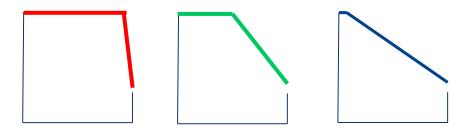


#### Motivation

- New developments of semivertical systems
- > Demonstration that thermal losses are depending on glass orientation
  - A semivertical systém may be thermally less demanding than a vertical system
- > Optimize door design in case of semivertical application
- Tool: Air flow simulations of different inclinations of the door systém

#### Investigations:

> Dependence of outer glass temperature on glass inclination





## **Open positions**

#### 1) Development engineer

- Find a technical solution as per customer request and project specification
- Focus on delivering according to project timing and agreed cost target
- Ensure high quality output
- 3D modelling in SolidWorks
- 2D drawing creation including tolerance and material specification (metal and plastic parts, ...)
- Item preparation and release in SAP
- Participation in prototype and sample built
- Cooperation with testing engineers on design verification and validation
- Communication with customers

#### 2) Simulation engineer

- CAE analysis and optimalisation of thermodynamical and mechanical properties of developped products
- Comparison of simulation results with real test results correlation
- Preparation, realisation and evaluation of climatic tests
- Compilation of measurement results, of results of simulation, and creation of database
- Active participation to new product development and optimization of existing designs
- Collaboration with development engineers, interpretation of test results, optimization of designs
- Continuous learning and competence growth

